Spotcheck SKD-S2 Aerosol

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. **Product identifier** Trade name: Spotcheck SKD-S2 Aerosol Unique formula identifier PKWV-Q0NU-J005-XJ54 (UFI): Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2. Relevant identified uses of Non-destructive testing the substance or mixture: Restricted to professional users. Uses advised against : This product is not recommended for any use other than the identified uses above. 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Company and address: Magnaflux[®] (A Division of ITW Ltd) Faraday Road, South Dorcan Industrial Estate SN3 5HE Swindon, Wiltshire United Kingdom T +44 (0)1793 524566 https://magnaflux.eu/en E-mail: support.eu@magnaflux.com Revision: 06/03/2024 SDS Version: 5.0 Date of previous version: 25/10/2023 (4.0)

1.4. Emergency telephone number Emergency phone number: +44(0)203 394 9866 Contact The National Poisons Information Service (dial 111, 24 h service). See section 4 "First aid measures".

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Aerosol 1; H222, H229, Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. Eye Irrit. 2; H319, Causes serious eye irritation. STOT SE 3; H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s):

Signal word: Hazard statement(s):

Danger Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if

	heated. (H222, H229)
	Causes serious eye irritation. (H319)
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (H336)
Precautionary statement(s):	
General:	-
Prevention:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. (P210) Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. (P211)
	Do not pierce or burn, even after use. (P251) Wear eye protection/protective gloves/protective clothing. (P280)
Response:	-
Storage:	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F. (P410+P412)
Disposal:	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation (P501)
Hazardous substances:	propan-2-ol
Additional labelling:	EUH066, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. UFI: PKWV-Q0NU-J005-XJ54
Other hazards	
-	In the event of leaks, high concentrations of gases can quickly form. They can be toxic, asphyxiating, or explosive. This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification. This product does not contain any substances considered to be endocrine disruptors in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Not applicable. This product is a mixture.

3.2. Mixtures

2.3.

Product/substance	Identifiers	% w/w	Classification	Note
propan-2-ol	CAS No.: 67-63-0 EC No.: 200-661-7 UK-REACH: Index No.: 603-117-00-0	25-40%	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	
butane	CAS No.: 106-97-8 EC No.: 203-448-7 UK-REACH: Index No.: 601-004-01-8	15-25%	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) , H280	[11]
propane	CAS No.: 74-98-6 EC No.: 200-827-9 UK-REACH: Index No.: 601-003-00-5	15-25%	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) , H280	



According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as retained and amended SI 2019/758 and SI 2020/1577

isobutane	CAS No.: 75-28-5 EC No.: 200-857-2 UK-REACH: Index No.: 601-004-01-8	10-15%	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) , H280	[11]
acetone	CAS No.: 67-64-1 EC No.: 200-662-2 UK-REACH: Index No.: 606-001-00-8		EUH066 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	[1]

See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

Other information

[1] European occupational exposure limit. [11] The classification as a carcinogen / mutagen will not be taken into account as the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w 1,3-butadiene (EINECS No 203-450-8) (CLP, Annex VI, note K).

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information:	In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – take the label or this safety data sheet. Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person water or other drink.
Inhalation:	Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the respiratory tract: Bring the person into fresh air and stay with him/her.
Skin contact:	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Ensure to wash exposed skin thoroughly with water and soap. DO NOT use solvents or thinners. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact:	If in eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water or isotonic water (20-30 °C) for at least 5 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Remove contact lenses. Make sure to flush under upper and lower eyelids. If irritation continues, contact a doctor. Continue flushing during transport.
Ingestion:	If the person is conscious, rinse the mouth with water and stay with the person. Never give the person anything to drink. In case of malaise, seek medical advice immediately and bring the safety data sheet or label from the product. Do not induce vomiting, unless recommended by the doctor. Have the person lean forward with head down to avoid inhalation of or choking on vomited material.
Burns:	Rinse with water until pain stops then continue to rinse for 30 minutes.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation effects: This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to

skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

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Neurotoxic effects: This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water mist. Unsuitable extinguishing media: Waterjets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters. If the product is exposed to high temperatures, e.g. in the event of fire, dangerous decomposition compounds are produced. These are: Carbon oxides (CO / CO2) Some metal oxides

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact. Upon direct exposure contact The National Poisons Information Service (dial 111, 24 h service) in order to obtain further advice. Hazchem Code: None

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Accidental releases always pose a serious risk of fire or explosion. Storages not yet ignited must be cooled by water mist. Remove flammable materials if conditions allow it. Ensure sufficient ventilation. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Avoid inhalation of vapours from spilled material.

6.2. Environmental precautions Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc. Keep unauthorized persons away from the spill

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Wherever possible cleaning should be performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of



6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13 "Disposal considerations" on handling of waste. See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid static electricity.

Protect electrical equipment in accordance with current standards. To divert static electricity during transmission, containers must be grounded and connected by wire with the receiving containers. Do not use spark-forming tools.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area. See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Must be stored in a cool and well-ventilated area, away from possible sources of ignition. Pressurized gas packs (spray cans, aerosol cans) must be stored behind a wire mesh, which allows gases to escape and holds back packs flying around.

Recommended storage
material:Keep only in original packaging.Storage temperature:10 - 30°CIncompatible materials:Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong
reducing agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

propan-2-ol Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 400 Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 999 Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (ppm): 500 Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m³): 1250

butane Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 600 Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 1450 Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (ppm): 750 Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m³): 1810 Annotations: Carc1 = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage if it contains more than 0.1% of buta-1,3-diene.

acetone Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 500 Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 1210 Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (ppm): 1500

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m³): 3620

Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4) Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 1

Aluminium hydroxide Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 2

Calcium carbonate Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 10(inhalable)/4(respirable)

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002. SI 2002/2677 The Stationery Office 2002. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020).

DNEL

acetone		
Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	200 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	1210 mg/m ³
Short term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	2420 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	62 mg/kg bw/day

Calcium carbonate

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Local effects - General population	Inhalation	1.06 mg/m ³
Long term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	4.26 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	10 mg/m³
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	10 mg/m ³

propan-2-ol

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	319 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	888 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	89 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	500 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		10.6 mg/L
Intermittent release (freshwater)		21 mg/L
Marine water		1.06 mg/L

Marine water sediment	3.04 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant	29.5 mg/L
Soil	33.3 mg/L

propan-2-ol		
Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		140.9 mg/L
Freshwater sediment		552 mg/kg
Intermittent release (freshwater)		140.9 mg/L
Marine water		140.9 mg/L
Marine water sediment		552 mg/kg
Predators		160 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		2.251 g/L
Soil		28 mg/kg

8.2. ▼ Exposure controls

Compliance with the given occupational exposure limits values should be controlled on a regular basis.

General recommendations:	Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.
Exposure scenarios:	There are no exposure scenarios implemented for this product.
Exposure limits:	Professional users are subjected to the legally set maximum concentrations for occupational exposure. See occupational hygiene limit values above.
Appropriate technical measures:	Apply standard precautions during use of the product. Avoid inhalation of gas or dust.
▼ Hygiene measures:	In between use of the product and at the end of the working day all exposed areas of the body must be washed thoroughly. Pay special attention to hands, forearms and face.
Measures to avoid environmental exposure:	No specific requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Generally:

Use only UKCA marked protective equipment.

Respiratory Equipment:

Work situation	Туре	Class	Colour	Standards	
In case of inadequate ventilation	Combination filter AXP2		Brown/White	EN14387, EN143	(B)

Skin protection:

Recommended	Type/Category	Standards	
Dedicated work clothing should be worn.	-	-	

Hand protection:



Material	Glove thickness (mm)	Breakthrough time (min.)	Standards	
Butyl	0,7	> 480	EN374-2, EN374-3, EN388, EN421	

E	Eye protection:			
	Туре	Standards		
	Safety glasses with side shields.	EN166	\bigcirc	

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

	Physical state:	Aerosol
	Colour:	White
	Odour / Odour threshold:	Alcohol odor
	рН:	7
	Density (g/cm³):	0.88 (20 °C)
	Kinematic viscosity:	<10 mm²/s (38 °C)
	Particle characteristics:	No data available
Phase	changes	
	▼ Melting point/Freezing point (°C):	<-89
	Softening point/range (waxes and pastes) (°C):	Does not apply to aerosols.

Boiling point (°C):	>55.8
Vapour pressure:	138 mmHg (20 °C)
Relative vapour density:	>1
Decomposition temperature (°C):	No data available

Data on fire and explosion hazards

	Flash point (°C):	-6
	Flammability (°C):	The material is ignitable.
	▼ Auto-ignition temperature (°C):	>399
	Lower and upper explosion limit (% v/v):	2 - 15
Solub	ility	
	Solubility in water:	85%

Solubility in water:	85%
n-octanol/water coefficient (LogKow):	No data available
Solubility in fat (g/L):	No data available

9.2. Other information

Note: The above properties are for the bulk product and not the aerosol. Flash point of the aerosol propellent: -40 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

Evaporation rate (n-
butylacetate = 100):>100Oxidizing properties:No data availableOther physical and chemicalNo data available.
parameters:

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- **10.1. Reactivity** No data available.
- 10.2. Chemical stability The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".
 10.3 Possibility of bazardous reactions
- **10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions** None known.
- 10.4. Conditions to avoid Avoid static electricity.Do not expose to any forms of heat (e.g. solar radiation). May lead to excess pressure.
- **10.5. Incompatible materials** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.
- **10.6. Hazardous decomposition products** The product is not degraded when used as specified in section 1.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as retained and amended in UK law

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Product/substancepropan-2-olSpecies:RatRoute of exposure:OralTest:LD50Result:>5000 mg/kgProduct/substancepropan-2-olSpecies:Rabbit

Route of exposure: Test: Result:	Dermal LD50 >5000 mg/kg	
Product/substance Species: Route of exposure: Test: Result:	propan-2-ol Rat Inhalation LC50 (6 hours) >10000 ppm	
Product/substance Test method:	acetone OECD 401	

Species:	Rat
Route of exposure:	Oral
Test:	LD50
Result:	5800 mg/kg
Product/substance	acetone
Species:	Rat
Route of exposure:	Inhalation
Test:	LC50
Result:	76 mg/L
Product/substance	acetone
Species:	Rat
Route of exposure:	Dermal
Test:	LD50
Result:	15800 mg/kg
Product/substance	Aluminium hydroxide
Species:	Rat
Route of exposure:	Oral
Test:	LD50
Result:	>2000 mg/kg
Product/substance	Aluminium hydroxide
Species:	Rat
Route of exposure:	Inhalation
Test:	LC50
Result:	>2.3 mg/L
Product/substance	Calcium carbonate
Species:	Rat
Route of exposure:	Oral
Test:	LD50
Result:	>2000 mg/kg
Product/substance	Calcium carbonate
Species:	Rat
Route of exposure:	Dermal
Test:	LD50
Result:	>2000 mg/kg
Product/substance	Calcium carbonate
Species:	Rat
Route of exposure:	Inhalation
Test:	LC50 (4 hours)
Result:	>3 mg/L

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

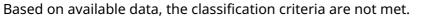
Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity



Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Product/substancebutaneSpecies:Rat, male/femaleRoute of exposure:InhalationDuration:42 daysTest:NOAELResult:16000 ppm

Product/substance Species:	isobutane Rat, male/female
Route of exposure:	Inhalation
Duration:	42 days
Test:	NOAEL
Result:	16000 ppm

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Long term effects

Irritation effects: This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

Neurotoxic effects: This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to have hormone-disrupting properties in relation to health.

Other information

propan-2-ol has been classified by IARC as a group 3 carcinogen. Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4) has been classified by IARC as a group 2B / 3 (Talc not containing asbestos or asbestiform fibres) carcinogen.

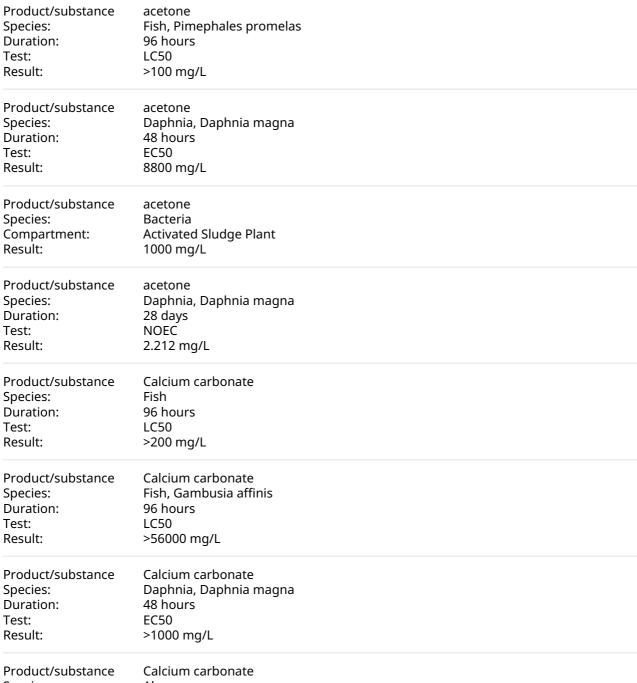
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Product/substancepropan-2-olSpecies:Fish, Leuciscus idusDuration:48 hoursTest:LC50

Result:	>100 mg/L
Product/substance	propan-2-ol
Species:	Daphnia, Daphnia magna
Duration:	48 hours
Test:	EC50
Result:	>100 mg/L
Product/substance	propan-2-ol
Species:	Algae, Scenedesmus subspicatus
Duration:	72 hours
Test:	EC50
Result:	>100 mg/L
Product/substance	butane
Test method:	QSAR
Species:	Fish
Test:	LC50
Result:	147.54 mg/L
Product/substance	propane
Test method:	QSAR
Species:	Fish
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	147.54 mg/L
Product/substance	propane
Species:	Fish
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	49.9 mg/L
Product/substance	propane
Species:	Daphnia, Daphnia magna
Duration:	48 hours
Test:	EC50
Result:	27.1 mg/L
Product/substance	propane
Species:	Algae
Duration:	72 hours
Test:	EC50
Result:	11.9 mg/L
Product/substance	isobutane
Test method:	QSAR
Species:	Fish
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	147.54 mg/L
Product/substance	acetone
Species:	Fish, Oncorhynchus mykiss
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	5540 mg/L

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Product/substance	Calcium carbonate
Species:	Algae
Duration:	72 hours
Test:	IC50
Result:	>10000 mg/L

12.2. ▼ Persistence and degradability

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.3. ▼ Bioaccumulative potential

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. ▼ Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture/product does not contain any substances considered to have endocrine-disrupting properties in relation to the environment.

12.7. Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product is covered by the regulations on hazardous waste. HP 3 - Flammable HP 4 - Irritant (skin irritation and eye damage) Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant. Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law.

EWC code

Not applicable.

Specific labelling

Contaminated packing

Packaging containing residues of the product must be disposed of similarly to the product.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	14.1 UN / ID	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env**	Other information:
ADR	UN1950	AEROSOLS, flammable	Transport hazard class: 2 Label: 2.1 Classification code: 5F	-	No	Limited quantities: 1 L Tunnel restriction code: (D) See below for additional information.
IMDG	UN1950	AEROSOLS, flammable	Transport hazard class: 2 Label: 2.1 Classification code: 5F	-	No	Limited quantities: 1 L EmS: F-D S-U See below for additional information.
IATA	UN1950	AEROSOLS, flammable	Transport hazard class: 2 Label: 2.1 Classification code: 5F	-	No	See below for additional information.

** Environmental hazards

Additional information

ADR / See Table A, section 3.2.1 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport. See section 5.4.3, for instructions in writing regarding mitigation of damages in relation to incidents or accidents during transport.

IMDG / See section 3.2.1, for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.

IATA / See Table 4.2 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.

This product is within scope of the regulations of transport of dangerous goods. Hazchem Code: None

- **14.6.** Special precautions for user Not applicable.
- **14.7.** Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments No data available.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Restrictions for application:	Restricted to professional users. People under the age of 18 shall not be exposed to this product. Pregnant women and women breastfeeding must not be exposed to this product. The risk, and possible technical precautions or design of the workplace needed to eliminate exposure, must be considered.
Demands for specific education:	No specific requirements.
SEVESO - Categories / dangerous substances:	P3a - FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS, Qualifying quantity (lower-tier): 150 tonnes (net) / (upper-tier): 500 tonnes (net)
Regulation on drug precursors:	acetone is included (Category 3)
Regulation on explosives precursors:	acetone (Annex II)

▼ UK-REACH, Annex XVII

propan-2-ol is subject to UK-REACH restrictions, UK-REACH annex XVII (entry 40). butane is subject to UK-REACH restrictions, UK-REACH annex XVII (entry 40). propane is subject to UK-REACH restrictions, UK-REACH annex XVII (entry 40). isobutane is subject to UK-REACH restrictions, UK-REACH annex XVII (entry 40). acetone is subject to UK-REACH restrictions, UK-REACH annex XVII (entry 40).

Additional information:	Not applicable.
Sources:	The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 Regulations 2013. The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 No. 2824, amended in 2014 (No. 1130) and in 2018 (No. 29). Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) Regulations 2015. Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law. The Controlled Drugs (Drug Precursors) Regulations 2008. Council Regulation (EC) No 2019/1148 on explosives precursors as

retained and amended in UK law. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) as retained and amended in UK law.

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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

EUH066, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H220, Extremely flammable gas.

H225, Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H280, Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H319, Causes serious eye irritation.

H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CE = Conformité Européenne (European conformity)

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR = Chemical Safety Report

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ES = Exposure Scenario

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

EuPCS = European Product Categorisation System

EWC = European Waste Catalogue

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC)

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SCL = A specific concentration limit

SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern

STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure TWA = Time weighted average UN = United Nations UVBC = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials VOC = Volatile Organic Compound vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Additional information

The classification of the substance/mixture in regard of health hazards are in accordance with the calculation methods given by Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

The classification of the mixture in regard to physical hazards has been based on experimental data.

▼ The safety data sheet is validated by

Magnaflux

Other

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version, see section 1)) is marked with a blue triangle.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product. Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

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